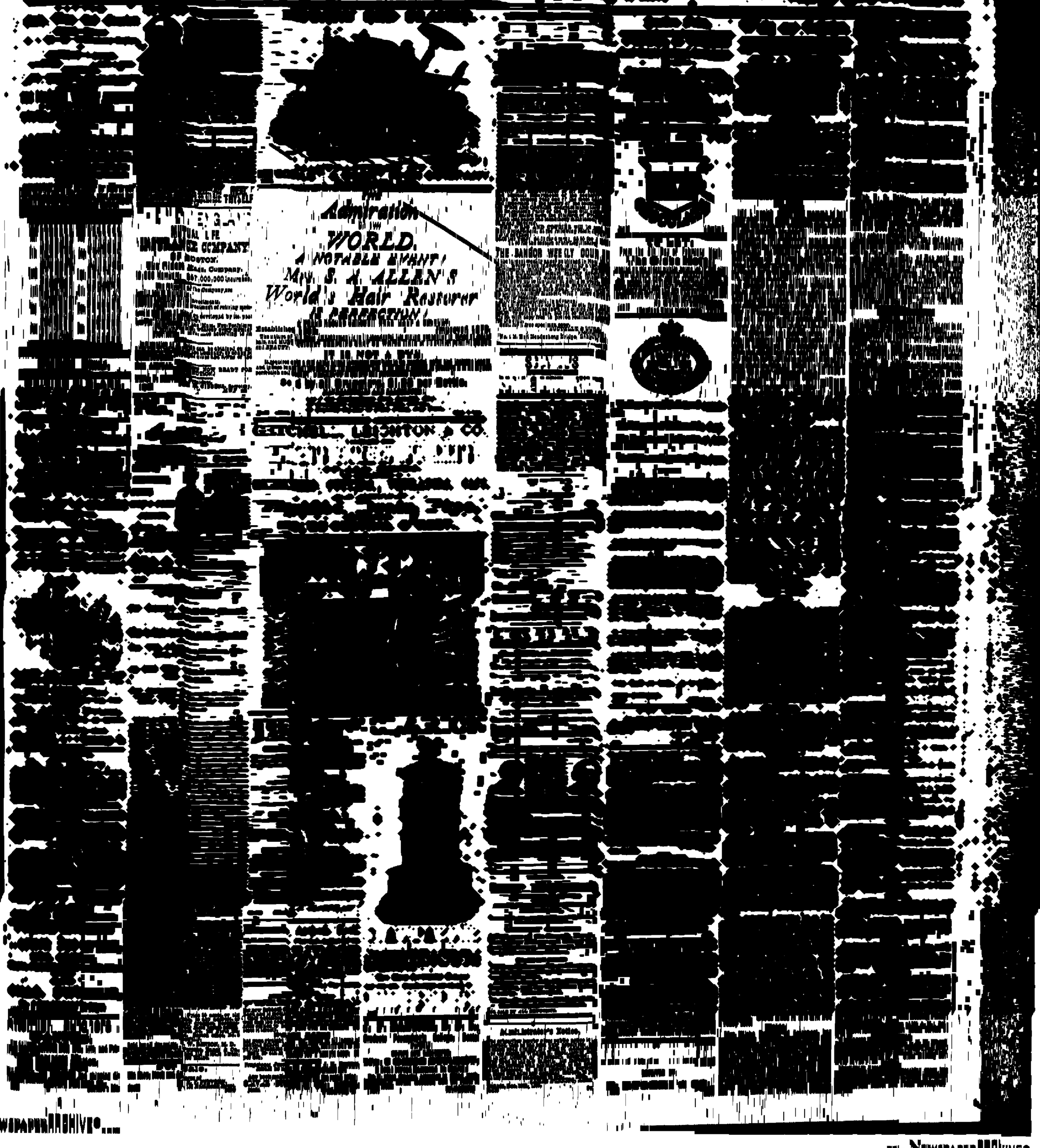
BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Argus and Leader.

DAVIS & COLE, PROPRIETORS.

TERMS, ETC.

THE NOMINATIONS.

(From the New York Tribune.)

As each night, in which each body of the Republican party in Pennsylvania took action to be credited with the results of yesterday's Convention, the difference of 2 more Grantees confirmed the to count and reckoned by the end the control of the party organization. He insisted that the delegation to Chicago should be made up by the Convention sitting through a harmonious, and not by the district delegations. He insisted that the delegation should be instructed to vote for General Grant, and to vote as a unit. All of these things were done. The minority, on the other hand, were glad to secure a Yea and Nay vote, and to show that the candidacy of General Grant was favored by hardly a majority of the Convention. It was in the chief city of Pennsylvania that General Grant received a few months ago probably the greatest popular demonstration ever made in his honor, in this or any other country. It was Pennsylvania which, both by the unanimity of its Convention and of its delegation at Chicago, was to make the Grant movement irresistible. And yet on a Yea and Nay vote, 118 delegates, out of 346 voting, have deliberately pronounced against General Grant—not against a Third Term, but against Grant. A change of barely ten votes would have tied the Convention!

This result must be a severe disappointment to the friends of General Grant and a hard blow to the movement for his nomination. This narrow majority of 20 was obtained only by strenuous exertions and the use of a powerful influence. No one can doubt that if the Convention had been left to its own spontaneous course the Pennsylvania delegation would stand at this moment for James G. Blaine. But this is not all. The majority for Grant, small as it is, is unquestionably due in part to the firm refusal of Blaine's immediate representatives to authorize any bitter assault upon Senator Cameron. In view of all these things, it may well be doubted whether, in voting as they have been instructed to vote, the Pennsylvania delegation will fairly represent Pennsylvania sentiment. But, however this may be, one thing is clear—the claim that there is an overwhelming demand among the Republican masses for the nomination of General Grant, the claim that they believe him to be the only man who can carry the country, has been exploded.

One more thing is clear. This year's contests are to be assembly contested to an assembly result. The nominee of the Chicago Convention is not going to be designated by the enemies aroused in the canvass.

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The following is a synopsis of Monday's doings of an order introduced by a Fusion Representative at Augusta, and lost in the hubbub of the Sydney Dennison of the House:

The fact that the government of Mississippi is completely administered by the men whom the people refused for that service is a constant irritation to the bolted bosses and the chief in mind for them. The Democratic planters throughout the country however, are found very ready to give a resolution, for they so thoroughly like the present Court for partisanship. It may be that in their extensive every effort to defeat Democratic frauds is constantly practiced. The counsel who replied to the witness whose testimony convicted him of a peijurer was asked to give his opinion of perjury, which he promptly declined with the remark, "I never."

The Kansas State Republican Legislature re-nominated Gilbert Anthony Hale, of Pendleton, by ballot, on the second day on the 25th of January, 1865, by a concurrent resolution to the Senate thereof, expressed the opinion that the Supreme Court had usurped the rights and duties of the executive and the Legislature, and had changed our form of our government to an oligarchy. This expression of opinion, Gilbert Hale holds, makes Mr. Hale on the unstable person to serve under the provisions which in the appointment on the 4th of manpower, or to preside before the court which he has appointed as a body of lawyers.—Pittsburgh Gazette.

The first practical consequence of that popular sentiment which has been adopted as overwhelmingly demanding the nomination of General Grant shows the indifference of the peasant. In a congress district heretofore represented by one of the managers of the political machine, which is composed of the Democratic Republican Democrats.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Four years ago the Maryland delegates to the National Republican Convention were asked why States Senator in spite the vote of the delegates are that the party which is the friends, and what we will again have the delegation, chosen by absolutely without allowing to the State. Sherman had a good many friends, and if any candidate disputes the delegates with Blaine it will be he.

Colorado is up for a Blaine deal as it was in 1876, when it cast its 3 votes for Blaine without a break in each by the several ballots at Cincinnati. Out of 1,000 Republicans, who are the best representatives of the party in all sections of the State, 1,000 declare for Blaine, 600 for Grant, 40 for Sherman, 7 for Wadsworth, 5 for Conkling and 1 for Garfield. These estimates were estimated by the Louisville Herald.

Hon. Adolph H. Sands, who died in Philadelphia, Thursday, was President Grant's first Secretary of the Navy, but he resigned to the Cabinet less than four months, on the position was not agreeable to him. He was an eminent and successful merchant, an able financier, and during the war was an active worker in the Union cause. His funeral occurs to-day.

If Simon Cameron will be the wind blows, then he can tell from how far it blows for General Grant in California. The vote of the Republican members of the Assembly shows Blaine in the lead of 20 to 10 for Grant.—San Francisco Bulletin. (Ind.)

Special Notices.

WANTED—Two Apprentices.

Sunday Evening, Feb. 20th.

Farewell Appearance

OF

DE ARTISTS

M. M. M.

PINAFORE,

OLIO SPECIALTIES.

Tickets

At Augusta.

The Only Genuine Restorative,

E. J. WHEELDEN,

Wholesale Music Dealer.

MRS. W. F. SHAW

OBJECT READING.

XCNY

Change

Over Present Point of

EYE H,

And to Grand Ma

SEGUR TEA,

Will Find It

SILLARD,

Manufacturer of the

Sewing Machine.

The Light-Running

38

Sewing Machine.

Bookport and Bangor Railroad.

CALIFORNIA.

W. E. BROWN, Agent,

TO CLOSE

BELOW COST,

AND ONE

Winter Story,

OF

GLOVES.

Stern &

Old Boston

CORNER.

OF BLUEHILL.

Maine Mining Exchange

LOST.

Mr. Lincoln

Drug Store.

KEEPS IT OPEN,

OUTDOOR RESEMBLANCE,

POND'S EXTRACT,

All sorts of Pills and Cures of Every Kind.

Drug Store,

NO. 4 GRANITE BLOCK.

SWEET POTATOES,

BOUGHT AND SOLD

ON

COMMISSION,

AT THE

Maine Mining Exchange

BUTTER COLOR

FLORIDA

REDUCED PRICES,

T. R. SAVAGE & CO.'S,

16 West Market Square.

ARBOLINA

BOSTON.

WHITE,

DR. J. K. LINCOLN,

DENTIST.

Live Cat.

CHAS. YORK & CO.,

Nos. 17 and 19 State Market.

CELLULOID COMBS, HAIR BRUSHES,

FINE TOILET SOAPS.

WM. E. HASKELL,

CITY DRUG STORE.

Log Driving Company.

ALWAYS ASK FOR

WEBB'S

Certificates of Stock

LOST.

It May Not be Known,

WIDE AWAKE

FOR SALE.

DOWDEN'S

Shaking Apple Sauce,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN PRUNES,

J. S. NORTON & CO.'S,

Manufacturing Jewelers,

RECEIVED TO-DAY

Hand and Machine Sewed

AND MEN'S BOOTS MADE,

CURTIS'S,

Big Burton, Clark Tom, Ben Tom

F. A. CURTIS,

A Newspaper Sketch.

Ridgefield, Hill & Co.,

BANKERS.

Yiddy Accord,

ALDEN DUNNING,

BOOKS AND PAPER,

ALWAYS ASK FOR

WEBB'S

TO LET.

From 15 to 25 Dey of February Next,

The Stores Recently

Occupied by

Messrs. Wood & Co.

Price $1.00 per Bottle, or for $5.00.

Ask for Brooklyn

For Sale.

KIDNEY WORT

Eastern Buckwheat,

FINE QUALITY.

Maple, Cooper's White and Golden

Syrup.

CHAS. DWINEL'S,

No. 3 Kendrick's Bridge.

Boston Pain.

PEARL & PINE,

Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers

and

Insurance Agents.

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,

AUCTIONEERS,

General Insurance and Real Estate Agents,

Professor Dr. P. Pearl and his Discoveries in the Healing Sciences.

D. LATHROP & CO., Publishers,

42 Franklin Street, Boston, Mass.

OLIVERS.

WM. T. WOOD & CO.'S

Celebrated Axe Tools,

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

Front Street.

The Only Remedy

THE BOWELS,

and the KIDNEYS

Why Are We Sick?

LEA & PERRINS,

Emerson's Anthem Book.

WHITE ROSES.

PATENTS.

E. E. REDD,

HOP BITTERS.

Administrator's Notice.

Worcester Fire Bruce.

NEW ENGLAND

MUTUAL LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF BOSTON.

The Oldest Mass. Company.

$10,000 Insured. $87,000,000 Insured.

KIDNEY WORT

Eastern Buckwheat,

FINE QUALITY.

CHAS. DWINEL'S,

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

SATURDAY, FEB. 7, 1880.

BY TELEGRAPH.

The State Printing Bill.

Extensive Havoc by Pillsbury.

What a "Reduced" Cost The State.

(Special to the Press.)

AUGUSTA, Feb. 6. A petition from J. W. Porter was presented asking for a repeal of the law relating to imprisonment for debt.

A bill was reported relating to the Portland waterworks. Read and assigned.

Legislation Inexpedient was reported on order relating to repeal or amendment of laws concerning interest.

The proposition to reduce the salary of the Judge of Probate for Cumberland county was reported from the Committee on Legal Affairs, referred to the Cumberland county delegation, and the Senate accepted the report.

Legislation Inexpedient was reported on order for abolishing the office of Fishery Commissioners.

A bill was reported to amend an act for supplying the city of Bangor with water so that Brewer can be supplied also. Read and assigned. Another bill was reported to amend an act to incorporate the city of Bangor approved Feb. 12, 1834, in reference to assessors. Read and assigned.

A bill was presented making the Frontier Guards of Eastport, subject to the duties and privileges of other volunteer companies. Referred to the Military Committee.

The resolve for the appointment of a commission of military officers to revise the military laws, coming up on its passage to be engrossed was referred to the Committee on Military affairs.

A petition was presented for incorporating the Forest Lake Ice Company. Referred to the Committee on Legal Affairs.

The following order relative to the Governor's message was passed:

Ordered, That the House concurring, a joint select committee of three on part of the Senate with such as the House may join, be appointed to consider the Governor's message and report reference of its several subjects to appropriate committees. Myers, Bulkh, and Rogers, were appointed on part of the Senate.

The report of the committee on State valuation was taken up, the pending question being an amendment to the resolve to have the commission consist of 14 persons, or one from each county.

Messrs. Bradford, Hill, Harris, Berry, Strickland and Hanks, favored the amendment, while Messrs. Dingley, Ellis, Pattee and Barker opposed. Amendment adopted 17 to 9. An amendment to have the commission report to this Legislature was lost 14 to 14. Under suspension of rules, the resolve was read twice and passed to be engrossed.

In House,

Petitions were presented and referred, praying for the abolition of the Calais Municipal Court; for change in the establishment of Police Court of Bucksport; to incorporate the Waterville Telephone Company; for special sewerage law; to amend charter of Kennebec Ferry Company appointing auditors; adding three Overseers; Bowdoin Railroad company may have rights to build wharf; the promotion of colonels and number of Judges of Supreme Judicial Court; also asking in favor of an act of Congress granting pensions to veterans of Mexican war; also bill to incorporate Dudley Brook Dam company.

Two thousand copies of the Governor's Message were ordered to be printed.

The following order passed:

Ordered, That the Judiciary Committee consider the expediency of amending chapter 91 of R. S., so that mortgagors of personal property to secure a debt for any money shall be required to be recorded in the town of their residence. That the Committee on Education consider the expediency of amending the public laws relating to the employment of children in cotton and woolen manufactories.

The House ordered that the printers having in charge the printing of the opinions of the Supreme Court upon certain matters, be requested to suspend further issues in the matter until the order of Mr. Perry of Camden, relative to the decision of Judge Virgin in the Manchester case is disposed of.

A bill was reported to enable the Cumberland and Oxford Canal Corporation to make a sale of its property to be used for railroad purposes. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported to incorporate the Androscoggin Water Company of Scotland, with a capital of $100,000. Read once and tabled to be printed.

Leave to withdraw was reported on petition of Thomas W. Fraser to be reimbursed for money furnished to soldiers in the 30th Regiment Maine Vols. in the year 1861.

A bill was reported to extend the time for the completion of Bangor & Piscataquis Railroad three years from Jan. 27, 1880. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported to consolidate the Hampden Silver Mining Company and the Dexter Silver Mining Company. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported increasing the capital stock of the Richardson wharf company. Read and assigned.

A bill was reported relating to the organization of mining and manufacturing companies. Printed under the rule.

The petition of Wm. Emery, Attorney for the County of York, praying that, a salary she be fixed by law as compensation to the County Commissioners and County Treasurer of said County was referred to the York County delegation.

The Judiciary Committee reported ought not to pass, on act additional to chap. 123, sec. 12 of the Revised Statutes, as amended by chap. 97 of the public laws of 1878 relating to corrupt agreement s by attorneys and others.

A bill was reported to amend chap. 84 of the public laws of 1878, relating to river fishery. Printed under rule. This bill gives the time of stopping weirs to the 4th of June annually.

The bill to compel certain officers whose terms have expired to deliver money and other property to their successors, was ordered to be printed by the House under the rule.

The report of the Committee on Printing and Binding submitting contracts for printing with Sprague & Son, and binding with Smith & Read, was taken up. Pending the acceptance of the report the question was on the amendment by substituting for the minority report by substituting the minority report with contract with Thomas F. Murphy to do the printing, and with Alexander J. Conneral to do the binding.

A lengthy debate took place which was participated in by Messrs. Berry, Cook and others with opposed substituting the minority report, and by Messrs. Millikan, Hudson, Philbrick, Dyer and Weber, the former. The minority report was rejected by a vote of 80 to 55. Report of committee accepted by yeas 81, nays 49. The contracts were then approved in concurrence with the Senate.

In the discussion which took place in the House to-day on the Senate printing contract, Mr. Berry (Rep.) showed that the estimate, of the Patterson firm to make the subject a base of contracts for printed matter. Cony (Rep.) of Lewiston, said that the appropriations for printing last year under the Governor regime, had been overdrawn $1,000. The sum of $2,500 had also been taken from the High School fund. There were more printing bills of Pillsbury & Co., yet to come in, which will largely swell the amount for State printing. He said that the cost of printing the R. and journal for last year was $000-.33 against $200 under Republican rule. And the cost of printing the Senate journal was $370, or more than double the expense of former years. The expense of binding in former years was $6000 a year, last year the bills for binding were over $11,000. In the printing of the report of the Commissioners of Fisheries, Pillsbury & Co. had made over sixty mistakes, which he had counted.

FROM AUGUSTA.

Damage by Fire.

AUGUSTA, Feb. 6. This morning about 6 o'clock a fire caught in the press room of the Maine Standard office in the timbers of the floor near the engine. It was extinguished in a short time but a great amount of damage was done by water. The injury to the forms of type and material in the office is considerable, while the immense amount of water poured into the building nearly ruined the entire stock of millinery in the store underneath, owned by Miss Addie Lawrence, and damaged the grocery store of James E. Fuller to the extent of some $1200. Miss Lawrence estimates her loss at about $5,000. All are insured.

FROM PORTLAND.

Shot His Brother.

PORTLAND, Feb. 6. Charles H. Moulton last night in an altercation shot his brother, Thomas Raymond, twice in the face. Raymond is seriously but not dangerously wounded. Moulton reported to the police, and is now under arrest. He states that he had a quarrel with Raymond who drew a pistol on him; that he wrested it from him and discharged all the barrels in the room and gave it back; that Raymond then assaulted him with the empty pistol and he drew his own in self-defense. He declines giving reasons of the altercation but the rumor is that the brother had insulted a lady and he was reprimanding him for it. Moulton was arraigned in the Municipal Court at 9 o'clock this afternoon. He waived examination and bail was fixed at $10,000. He was bound over to the May term and bail given. The wounded man also refuses to make any statement.

WASHINGTON.

Matters Common Here.

LONG BRANCH, Feb. 6. The bodies of Capt. Newman, the two Beasley brothers and Rosevelt Richardson, lost on the Kate Newman were seen by express to-night to Fremont, Maine.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS—Second Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Senate.

The Senate was not in session to-day.

House.

After the miscellaneous business the House took up the consideration of the contested election case of Pridgeon vs. Bagley, the sitting member from Florida. Mr. Wood (New York) opposed the resolution declaring Bagley entitled to the seat. Mr. Gould followed in favor of the resolution. Mr. Wood closed in favor of the resolution.

Another bill removing the political disabilities of Joseph A. Harrell of Virginia, was passed without objection. Mr. Hiss reported back the Senate bill for the relief of Mrs. Jane Patterson, widow of Gen. Robert Patterson, of Pennsylvania, and moved its passage. Mr. Cox, of New York, opposed the bill, and Mr. Hiss replied in favor of the measure. The bill was passed. A joint resolution, making an appropriation for the postal service of the Department of Justice was passed. The House then adjourned until Monday.

MICHIGAN.

General Correspondence.

LANSING, Feb. 6. In the Senate of Canada last night in an affirmative vote on the report that certain correspondence between the Admiral of Newfoundland and the Secretary of State for the Colonies in which it was said that the honors of the public service to publish it.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Monongahela Marvel.

MARION, Feb. 6. Official documents have been received here giving further details of the recent horrible fire in the Fiji Islands. Twenty-five hundred of the natives were burned to death. Two hundred and twenty-five white persons were also burned. Many of the natives were destroyed and sixty-six houses were burned.

WASHINGTON.

Committee Work.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6. The House Committee on Public Buildings agreed to recommend the passage of bills providing for the purchase of sites for public buildings at Portland, Me., Lynchburg, Va., and Wheeling, W. Va. Delegates in Congress from the Territories of Montana, Dakota and Idaho, have been invited to appear before the committee to-morrow morning and urge the passage of bills now pending for the admission of their respective Territories as States. The Committee on Appropriations will meet to-morrow morning to consider the Sundry Civil bill. It is expected that the bill will be reported to the House on Monday next.

PENNSYLVANIA.

A Bad Accident.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6. A Reading (Pa.) dispatch says the mining men are at work along the Mahanoy and a railroad have received from Virginia an order for thousands of mules. The impression that the miners will order out a general strike on the coal and preserve order the mules, military are called out. The import of the order is of that nature in this vicinity and a large meeting was called to-night from mine to mine and by force to stop all hands now at work if their demands were not acceded to. The first will be drawn from under the bottom and if that does not succeed then other objects the coaling docks and other buildings are threatened with destruction. Early this morning the miners of the entire four Heights were seen filing in large bodies by the hundreds. It is intended to meet the miners with guns and the consequences may cause will surely be heard of. Other meetings are announced. The strikers demand 15 per cent. increase.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Delegate Elected.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: Hoar of Massachusetts, chairman of the Republican National Committee, said to-day that the Committee had not yet decided upon the time for the Convention, but he thought it would be about the middle of June. He said that the Committee had not sought to limit the delegations by instructions in the States.

Congressman Hoar of Massachusetts said: "I do not think Senator Conkling has any reason to feel discouraged at the action of the Massachusetts delegation. Every action that has been taken in the Legislature of Massachusetts has been taken by a majority of all elected and in the State and for Senator of nearly eighty votes.

New York, Feb. 6.—The cold continues, and the Tribune at Harrisburg says that cord-wood of the Susquehanna is frozen over to a depth of two feet. The Tribune's Washington special points to it considered there that Hallowell has secured a triumph in Pennsylvania that may affect.

The New York Washington dispatch says the sentiment of the Republicans in Congress is that the third term boom is dead; that the Harrisburg convention was not a triumph for Cameron and was a defeat of Grant.

CANADA.

The Monongahela Steamships.

LUCAN, Ont., Feb. 6.—The funeral of the six drowned Dunnville rowing men, to-day was attended by some 1,500 people. After the funeral services in the church the priest made a long address to the people in the course of which he was frequently overcome by emotion. General excitement continues and the arrest of last night are being discussed on every hand. The police are supposed to be working in the neighborhood and their return to Lucan with additional prisoners is looked for.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., Feb. 7—1 A. M.

Indications.

For New England: Winds shifting to Southeast and West, with partly cloudy weather in northern portions; light snow, falling followed by rising barometer, and during the night, lower temperature.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES.

The bodies of the captain and steward of the lost schooner Kate Newman have been taken charge of by the New York Free Masons and will be sent to Maine.

General Roberts at Cabul, states that before November 15th, 1879, about seventy-three men had been murdered for the massacre of the British Embassy, the murder of wounded soldiers and other flagrant crimes.

The North German Gazette denies—the statement made by the Russian Journal Moove Granaya that Bismarck intrigued with the Polish revolutionary government in 1863, and declares the publication of such fabrications shows the hostile feeling existing in Russia against Germany.

The following is the status of the wrecks at Long Branch: The cargo of the Lizzie Wyatt was sold yesterday. The cargo of the Pamela C. Babcock is nearly ground out. The brig Augustine is a total loss. Wreckers are at work on the schooner Hartford and will save part of the cargo. The wreck of the Newman will be protected by a buoy.

The steamer Yuro, with Hotel Brown supplies from Key West Feb. 30th, is missing.

Nearly six thousand immigrants arrived in New York in January.

Gen. Curtis has resigned his position as chief of the Treasury agents in New York to take charge of the Bureau of Roads in the custom house.

Seven prominent accountants of New York are on trial before the U. S. Circuit Tribunal for illicit distilling.

The Fast Boston night steamer on Sunday night is reported in wrecking condition, the propeller having been thrown away by the recent storm, and the hanger has also carried it.

An unknown vessel is reported as having left Apia, Island of Samoa, March 1st, for E. L., bearing flight. All hands were lost.

Jay Gould and Russ Sage, while visiting the Texas & Pacific road Monday, Marshall & Texas Railroads, have purchased all outstanding bonds and securities of the Galveston and Wichita Railroad.

Prescott and Dibble are in Richmond, Va. The Tennessee Republicans will meet in State convention May 5th.

Middlebrook, N. J., settled $2,000 for use of the starving Irish yesterday.

Alleged Russian intrigues in Persia are again attracting attention.

An appeal for the relief of the Irish paupers sailed in Portland last evening, and more were shipped.

The thousands Belgians will be invited to Plymouth Rock, Massachusetts Island on the Delaware, Lazaro & Wagon.

The U. S. steamer Wyoming is at Mobile.

Judge Gilbert of New York has rendered a decision sustaining pilot act by town instructs an American barque was anchored in North river and injured by floating ice.

Edward Whiting, Conservative, has been elected to Parliament by 2561 majority over Lord Ramsay, pledged to the Home Rulers.

The Epis Ed Assembly held its annual meeting in New York yesterday. Thirteen colleges were represented.

Two thousand persons saw Prince Leopold at the depot in Quebec yesterday.

In the English Parliament yesterday Plunkett appeared to-day said Parnellite utterances could only be received with indignation and their recall might be an admission of guilt. The language was ruled unparliamentary by the speaker. Baltimore Sun, Evangelically damaged Parnell.

In the debate in the English Parliament yesterday Sir Richard Bethell said the object of the Land League was to drive the Irish people into a state of anarchy. The Land League was a very powerful organization. The speaker of the House of Commons was a member of the Land League. He spoke of the murdering of the private cabs and said the Land League was responsible for the outbreaks. Gen. Gordon was cheered.

The subject of the Greeks military is Paris kept 20 persons and wounded 150.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING.

Secondary Movement.

New York, Feb. 6. Money easy at 6@7 per cent. Prime mercantile paper [illegible]

[illegible]

New York Produce Market.

New York, Feb. 6. Flour is lower—[illegible] Wheat—[illegible] Corn—[illegible] Pork—[illegible] Lard—[illegible] Whiskey—[illegible] Coffee—[illegible] Sugar—[illegible] Molasses—New Orleans, 40@50. Rice—[illegible] Tallow—[illegible] Rosin—[illegible] Petroleum—[illegible] Eggs—[illegible] Pig Iron—[illegible] Lead—[illegible] Tin plate—Coke, [illegible] Freight—[illegible] Cotton—[illegible] Wool—[illegible] Hops—[illegible]

Chicago Produce Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6. Flour, [illegible] Wheat—No. 2 [illegible] Corn—[illegible] Oats—[illegible] Rye—[illegible] Barley—[illegible] Pork—[illegible] Lard—[illegible] Whiskey—[illegible] Freights—[illegible]

A crew of sixty or seventy men have been put to work on the Portland Water Company's dam at Sebago Lake.

A fire in the store of Kennedy Bros. & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, yesterday caused a loss of $100,000.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The weather the past five days.

Ash Wednesday is the first day of Lent.

Teams are in demand these fine afternoons.

Entertainments have been numerous this week.

See what Hudson has to say about paper hangings.

Considerable business was on the docket yesterday.

Mr. Ford Shaw Bennett of this city, is now studying art in Boston.

Miss Theoph. B. Clymer entered at the Municipal Court yesterday morning.

A cake with an silver and a silver half dollar in each of the eights in August, Wednesday.

Easter Sunday comes earlier this year than usual, falling on the fourth day of March.

The Boston Globe proposes to circulate the subscription paper for the new opera house at once.

The river now presents a scene of great activity, as the ice men are making the most of this fine weather.

The schooner Mayflower has been purchased by Capt. A. F. Amesbury runs a freighter between Rockland and Bangor.

A pair of gold-bowed eye glasses were lost Thursday night and the finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

Mr. R. M. Storey has an order from New York parties for all the spools that he can manufacture during the next six months at his Vinegsboro mill.

A horse standing in East Market Square started McCrunaway route-day morning while the band was marching, but did not get far before he was captured.

Rev. Mr. Howard will give the seventh lecture in his course on Pilgrim's Progress, at the Essex street church to-morrow evening at seven o'clock. Subject: "The Hill of Difficulty."

Mr. F. A. Gannett, for many years the popular messenger for the Eastern Express Company on the steamer Cambridge, has resigned that position and is to be steward of steamer Katahdin.

The Augusta Journal says Bank Examiner Humphrey is proceeding quietly and rapidly with the business of inspecting the books of the First National Bank. No definite conclusion can be arrived at for some days yet.

There will be revival meetings every evening next week at the Essex street Free Baptist church, in which Rev. S. C. Whittemore, of Dover, will assist the pastor. Services will begin at seven o'clock, and the presence and co-operation of all christians is cordially invited.

Wednesday morning a young Swede by the name of Wilson, convict, at the State Prison, who was let out in the yard at about seven about five o'clock, took occasion through the darkness of the morning to scale the walls and escape. He was easily tracked in the snow and caught in Warren.

Commissioner of the Grand Trunk. Connection was made on Tuesday between the eastern and western sections of the Grand Trunk Company's Western Road, and an engine run over the new track. The company's system now extends from Chicago to the Atlantic, and it is intimated that they will be ready to do freight business over their new line in a few days. The Grand Trunk Railway has the longest stretch of main line of any railway in the world, and is the only one running from the Atlantic to Chicago.

Personal. We received a very pleasant call last evening from Col. George H. Preston, U. S. A., Chief, who on his way to Ottawa to visit his daughter and all be present at the opening of Parliament. The Colonel, now on the retired list of the Army, first his left hand at the Battle of Cerro Gordo, in the Mexican war. He has also long and hard service in the army but is still hale and hearty and it does one good to grasp his hand. Col. Preston is an unassuming person and takes the greatest interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of his country. He is now residing at Roxbury.

Valuable Relic. In the library of Congress, under lock and key, are two very interesting manuscript volumes with a history. They were written about the middle of the seventeenth century, and contain an account of the formation and acts of the Virginia company in regard to the early settlement of Virginia. They were originally in the possession of the Earl of Southampton, the friend and patron of Shakespeare, and after several transfers, became the property of Thomas Jefferson, and were sold among his effects at his death, finally reaching the library of Congress, where they have since remained almost forgotten. Senator Johnston of Virginia had introduced a resolution providing for printing one thousand copies of this valuable relic.

A Sharp Trick that Didn't Work. Thursday evening after the entertainment by Rooney's Colorphobes had commenced at Norumbega Hall, a young individual at the outer door, flourishing a cake of soap in his hand and attempted to walk past the manager, who was taking tickets at the door. He did not get inside of the door, however, as the manager, not liking this new style of doing business, quietly took the young fellow and landed him in a very polite manner where he was going. This style apparently amused the youth considerably and he scrambled over something about, then behind the corner, and was in a great hurry for that identical piece of soap, but the manager, who was familiar with this method of purchasing a first class piece of soap in order to gain admission to the hall, had the confidence youth outside and ordered him to depart. The manager was short, but in the language used on the street—"pardon the slang—he didn't take the cake."

The New Ice Company. The company which is about to go on the Kennebec river for Boston, was incorporated yesterday at the office of F. E. Clergue. The following officers were elected: President, Samuel Storey; Secretary, Frank H. Clergue; Treasurer, Abram Moor; Directors, Samuel Storey, Frank H. Clergue, Daniel Sargent, J. B. Wheelwright and Thomas Bartlett. The company have a field of four acres surveyed and plowed, and the erection of their houses will be commenced at to-day. Houses of about 3000 tons capacity each, will be erected. As fast as the ice is cut, and the company proposes to cut so long as they can obtain first class ice. The company hope to cut 30,000 tons, if the ice-making weather continues. At this season of the year the ice men on the Hudson and the ponds in New York and Pennsylvania, have usually housed some 5,000,000 tons of ice. Up to this time the ice crop in those sections has been an utter failure, and on the first of February a correspondent of the Tri Trade Journal transited from Philadelphia to Middleton before he found any ice-cutting. The ice harvest in Maine bids fair to be an exceedingly profitable one.

A Mad maid "Shakespeare Room. The second last evening by Oliver Ditson while crowding a discordance of Mendelssohn Hall.

Explosion. Reed yesterday at Mr. Johnson, Bridgeport, a steamer for fish breaking, at a cost of forty-five thousand dollars. This amount will be settled, it is hoped, only in favor of the case of Georgia, and will prolong settlement, suggested as the successful bleeding, during ground on the way towards advantage of the run of a passing school.

Tax Receipt Commissioner. Another large audience greeted the Pat Rooney Comedians on last evening, to their usual appearance for Mercantile Hall. The programme was changed somewhat from the former evening and quite added both the entertaining appearance. It has been decided to omit the fantasy this afternoon so that the company will appear this evening for the last time that those who enjoy a good laugh should be present.

A Fortunate Young Man. Augus D. Stephenson, son of Chief Engineer of this city, who has for a few years past resided in Boston, has recently been made the owner of some valuable real estate in this city, in a very unexpected manner. Mr. Stephenson, who is about twenty-five years of age, became acquainted with two ladies in Boston, mother and daughter, the latter about thirty-five years of age. The ladies became much attached to Mr. S., who was able to be of service to them on many occasions. Recently the younger lady, Miss Bass, who was quite wealthy, died. On her will being probated, it was found that she had bequeathed to young Stephenson valuable property situated on Washington street, estimated to be worth $60,000. The statement comes to us in such an authentic way that we have no doubt of its truth. The young man is a clerk in the store of Lewis Coleman & Co., Chauncey street. Eugene Parker, son of Henry S. Parker, received from the same source a legacy of $500.—*Belfast Journal.*

Tax Revision Commissioner. The hearing relative to the Surveyor-Generalship occurred in the County Commissioners' room yesterday morning and was attended by a number of our prominent lumbermen. Jasper Hutchings, Esq., appeared for Major Crossman. The latter explained to the Commissioners the duties of the office, after which his counsel read a petition, signed by nearly all the lumbermen in this city, asking that the present incumbent be retained, and letters from several lumbermen to the same effect. In addition to the above every lumberman present spoke in the highest terms of the efficient manner in which Major Crossman has conducted the office during the past three years, making some decided improvements, which have benefited their business very much. The Commissioners saw that the lumbermen were unanimous in favor of the present incumbent, and after a brief consultation between two of the board, Messrs. Burke and Eaton, the Greenbush members, they announced that no action would be taken at present, and it is now the general opinion that Major Crossman will retain the office until the expiration of his term.

MISS CARVAN.

A Pleasing Entertainment at Music Hall.

Music Hall was filled to repletion last evening, every seat in the gallery as well as the body of the hall being occupied, by an audience composed of the very best people of our city, who assembled to welcome and enjoy an evening with that ever popular entertainer, Miss Georgie E. Carvan. It was a reception that the talented young reader may well feel proud of, as it gave every evidence that her former efforts here have been fully appreciated and was for her a compliment that will always insure for a cordial greet ng whenever she favors Bangor with a visit. At eight o'clock Miss Carvan made her appearance on the stage, in an elegant black and cardinal silk dress, looking even more fascinating than ever and proceeded with her opening numbers in accordance with the following:

[illegible]

It is needless for us to speak in detail of the above selections, for being presented in a graceful and impressive manner, a fine appreciative and a peculiarly pleasing manner, Miss Carvan so thoroughly entertains the audience by her humor from the very first, that the encores that, as in every instance, followed, were cordially received with excitement and then again stood about the room until, at the close, one is almost loth to decide which was the best. The last number, Robert O'Lincoln, was given by special request and was certainly received. The audience although the performance was of very long duration, remained until after ten and fully enjoyed the entertainment. Miss Carvan was the recipient of an elegant bouquet during the evening.

MR. H. S. PRENTISS.

The Carlton Opera Troupe, in their return from a very successful season of three weeks in the Provinces, will make their farewell appearance in this city on Tuesday evening next. On this occasion, the attraction will be Mr. H. S. Prentiss, who will be presented with Hinds Carlton's inimitable rendition of "Little Barefoot." In addition to the opera, the specialties from "The Magic 29 pair" to "No sleep, tonight," "The Girls are out To-day," dancing by the Daily Boys, etc. Reserved seats to this entertainment may be obtained at Bapbet's on Monday morning. The following notice is from the Halifax Chronicle of Jan. 31st:

There was a good house at the Academy last night to see the Carlton Opera Troupe in representation of the "Poor Pooter," by H. M. S. Pinafore. It was a "Little Buttercup" that the wonderful "Little Corporal" made last night. Appearing in Halifax and was the admiration of the public, consequently she was greeted with rapturous applause on her re-appearance in the old role. It is needless to say she was equally successful throughout. She made up as the same was excellent all through. Master Daly was as admirable Sir Joseph Porter, and sang and acted in such a manner as last night to be encored. Miss Stanley as Josephine very successful, and displayed a beautiful voice. Gussie Carvan as Little Buttercup, sparkling, vivacious, pretty and bewitching as ever. Miss Marcella was a delightful Hebe, singing with charming voice. Mary Emmons, as Dame Price, was quaintly entertained, and acted well. Little Miss Bessie Wood made a perfect little sailor boy, and sang and danced with a great deal of grace. Miss Carlton as Captain Corcoran and Sam, caused a sensation by a display of grace and spirit in the dance. They were encored. Mr. Carlton's Ralph Rackstraw was very good. He has a pleasing voice, and sang with much feeling. Altogether, as played by the Carlton Opera Troupe, the "Poor Pooter" is a very pleasing performance of what we have said, and will be received.

Western Union.

"Keep your hands and feet warm and head cool" is the law of Edison's Electric Light.

Mortimer Smith lost work.

The best view in the country, that took the highest premium at the Centennial, is Spark's Fort Gage View, which has become the most celebrated produce of New Jersey. This what said the P. T. Barnum are now being used by Republican orators where the rely upon them to bring the powers to the head of delegates. It is unequaled for vividly delusive and old public. For sale by M. A. Harlow, Bangor, Me.

Mailer

"My baby, August 20, and I feel exhaustedly, I call a leave-passing man. The doctor questioned him and found that he had been intimately acquainted for years, that after his illness from the effects of fever and typhoid, he had suffered much from kidney disease, and that Hop Bitters was a remedy that could be relied upon to cure the worst case of kidney disease that was prevalent. The physician was right to prove of the medicine on the human race. Rochester Post.

Father is Getting Well. My daughter says: "How quick Parker Father is since he used Hop Bitters. He is getting well after his doctor and suffering from a disease considered incurable, and he says he is glad that he used your Bitters.—A lady of Rochester, N. Y.

dawtw

A New Method in Medicine.

By this new method every sick person can get a package of Dr. Tutt's Sarsaparilla Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites (with Comfort, Health by and Vigor which is imparted by its use, and which is developed as the patient recovers from sickness.

mtfdw 5d6

First Work Together.

When your system gets out of tune and you feel a suddenly Appetite, it is pretty certain that you need a medicine to set on both the Kidneys and Liver, for these important organs work together in healing the system of its troubles and keeping up the tone. Then take Kidney-Wort, for this is just what it does, or it is both directly and catherlic.

dawtw Jan31

Answer This. Did you ever know any person to be ill, without inaction of the stomach, Liver or kidneys, or did you ever know one who was well when either was obstructed or inactive; and did you ever know a hear of any case of the kind that Hop Bitters would not cure? Ask your neighbor this same question.

dawtw

Distance Lends Enchantment!

Mind and a fine figure, good face and pretty name. One of these is for sale at a discount. When she begins to talk you realized that she never used GORDON'S. Her breath was unlike the breath of Araby the Blest.

C. W. BENSON, M. D.

Sold by all druggists. Parsons, Burgess & Co., proprietors Gordon, 137 Fulton street, Brooklyn, General Agents for Maine.

dawtw

Parker's Ginger Tonic is the best remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility, Kidney Complaints, Female Weakness, Sleeplessness and Impure Blood. Sold by druggists. 50c. and $1.00.

dawtw

Parker's Hair Balsam restores gray hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp diseases and dandruff. Does not stain. 50c. and $1.00.

dawtw

Piso's Cure for Consumption, the sale of which exceeds that of any other cough medicine, is pleasant to take, harmless in effect, and certain in its cures. For sale by druggists everywhere.

dawtw

SUICIDE!

Its Course and its Great Increase.

Who is Safe from Their Dark Deeds?

The Will, Fractious, Restless, Sleepless, Fretful, Hopper.

ALL HAVE THEIR CAUSE IN THE NERVOUS CENTERS.

Nervous Prostration from the Nervous System Exhausted by Disease, and Another for Exhausted of the Nervous System of the Blood.

[illegible]

[illegible] Dr. [illegible] has made a life study of nervous diseases, and has been eminently successful in curing cases of nervous prostration, and all cases in need of treatment. Nervousness is a dreadful thing, indeed. Who is safe from their own hands while in this condition? And most there has also been some one in your family who has died by their own hands, or attempted to? Would you remember the many great deeds and bright minds it has been fatal victims to their own hands, we should also remember, that if we are nervous or of a nervous temperament in our family, we should also remember, that if we are nervous or of a nervous temperament ourselves, that begin now, while you can, do something for yourself to cure that nervousness, or to prevent it if you are threatened with nervousness. You will note "What shall I do?" I will answer that Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills will unfailingly and certainly cure nervous diseases. They have cured nervousness more completely than [illegible], and in cases that have been considered hopeless by the best physicians of this country and Europe. They are, perhaps, the most efficient preparation for nervous diseases and indigestion ever discovered or manufactured. Their use has been marvelous in curing nervous prostration, nervous headache, neuralgia, sleeplessness, nervous debility, impotency, etc. Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills are compounded from the following statement from the pen of the proprietor, Dr. W. Benson:

My Celery and Chamomile Pills for the cure of nervous diseases, especially nervous headache, nervous prostration, nervous debility, nervous sleeplessness, has been the result of [illegible] years of close study and application to the [illegible] of nervous diseases, and [illegible] I am confidently [illegible] that they will do all that is claimed for them. [illegible] Dr. Benson's Celery and Chamomile Pills are [illegible] and [illegible] in every case of nervous derangement, or disease of the nervous system, from whatever cause arising. I have used them in my practice with great success, and have yet to find a case of nervous irritability or debility that they will not relieve. In most severely [illegible] cases of nervous prostration, [illegible] they have [illegible] a large number of cases within the last few months, and in every instance they have given perfect satisfaction. I have no hesitancy in recommending them to the profession and the public as the best remedy for the [illegible] and [illegible] of any preparation.

C. W. BENSON, M. D.

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dawtw

Catarrh

REMEDIES

[illegible]

DISEASE OF A CHILD

[illegible]

CHILDREN AND INFANTS.

[illegible]

Piso's Cure for Consumption, the sale of which exceeds that of any other cough medicine, is pleasant to take, harmless in effect, and certain in its cures. For sale by druggists everywhere.

dawtw

PRICKLY HEAT.

Incidental to the Texas Climate.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen—I obtained a bottle of your Cuticura Resolvent of Mr. [illegible] of this city, and used it for Prickly Heat. The result was that I received some three weeks' relief from the intense itching and burning. I am now using the second bottle, and feel confident that it will effect a permanent cure. Yours truly,

WILLIAM W. RUSHLEY.

Mason, Texas, Sept. 24, 1879.

CUTICURA, the most valuable external remedy ever discovered, speedily relieves and permanently cures every species of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula. Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, internally, and Cuticura, the great skin cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite skin beautifier, externally, are a positive cure for every form of skin and blood disease, from pimples to scrofula. Sold everywhere. Price of Cuticura, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, $1. Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Soap, 25 cents. Prepared by Weeks & Potter, Chemists and Druggists, Boston, Mass. Sold in Bangor by all druggists.

dawtw

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

Allen. Whenever the [illegible] Collins' Voltaic Electric Plaster is applied, it will relieve the most excruciating pain in a few minutes, and in a few hours will cure the most severe case. Price 25 cents. Sold by druggists generally. Sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price. Collins' Voltaic Electric Plaster Co., 47 Dey street, New York.

dawtw

Piso's Cure for Consumption, the sale of which exceeds that of any other cough medicine, is pleasant to take, harmless in effect, and certain in its cures. For sale by druggists everywhere.

dawtw

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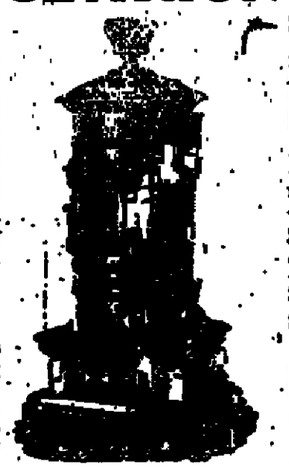
dawtw



CLARION

[illegible]

This celebrated PIANO is unsurpassed in its [illegible] with them, to visit the rooms of [illegible] and examine them carefully in person, or by letter, and all who [illegible] will be [illegible]

The Most Powerful Heater

[illegible]

J. F. BABCOCK, D. D. S.,

Graduate Pennsylvania College, Dental Surgery.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

[illegible]

(3 doors beyond Hammond St. Church.)

[illegible]

Notice by Letter to Creditor that Bankrupt Has Petitioned for Discharge.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine, on the sixth day of February, A. D. 1880.

On reading the petition of [illegible] of Bangor, in said District, on the sixth day of February, A. D. 1880, praying that a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under the Bankrupt Act of the United States, may be granted to him, it is

ORDERED by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1880, before said Court, at Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Whig and Courier, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the Court that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Hon. JOHN A. PETERS, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, at Portland, in said District, this sixth day of February, A. D. 1880.

[SEAL.] JOHN A. WATERMAN, Clerk.

A true copy of the petition and order thereon.

Attest: JOHN A. WATERMAN, Clerk.

In the matter of GEORGE W. COLLINS, Bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice that a petition has been filed by the above named bankrupt praying for a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under the Bankrupt Act of the United States, and that the 24th day of February, A. D. 1880, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the District Court Room in Portland, in said District, is appointed for the hearing upon the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN A. WATERMAN, Clerk.

Portland, February 6, 1880.

RARE CHANCE

—TO—

INVEST CAPITAL.

[illegible]

PRINTED MATTER.

[illegible]

DR. WM. C. MASON,

Residence No. 188 Hammond St.

Office No. 4 Hatch Block, Main St.

Office hours—8 to 11 A. M., 1 to 5, 6 to 7 P. M.

EDWARD H. BLAKE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC

No. 11 Central Street, Bangor.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE NEW DEPARTURE.

BY EMILY HUNTINGTON MILLER.

The First Church of Acadia was in debt. It was a case of too much steeple, too much frescoing, and too much organ; a case of first Church it could not, from the very nature of things, be the second, hence the steeple, the organ and the much frescoing; a case of putting down pews and building greater when there were no goods to bestow in them, hence the debt.

Matters had gone from bad to worse, until at last it was whispered at the Sewing Society that there was actually a mortgage on the church, and every woman stood aghast with horror. They could comprehend debts; people paid their debts when they could, but they might move in good society without doing it; they were not unfamiliar with failures, but people had been known to fail, and yet wear as fine clothes than before; but a mortgage was like one of those awful compacts wherein a man signs himself over to the evil one, with a certainty that he may at any time foreclose and fly away with him. Worst of all, a mortgage on a church! It was undoubtedly the "abomination of desolation" spoken of by David the prophet, "standing where it ought not"—a sure sign of the last days.

Something must be done, something should be done; and with this determination burning in her heart, every woman went home. From that hour a solemnity brooded over the hearts and homes of Acadia. Meetings were called, papers were seen to circulate, committees met and separated; there were consultations in the synagogues and the market-places, and as the faces of the women changed from a look of anxiety to one of confidence, the faces of the men began to brighten also. When a woman would she would, and already the brethren saw in prospect the mortgage lifted and the representation rolled away from Zion.

"If they'll only preserve; great gains come of savings," said Deacon Doubtful, but repented of his wisdom the next moment, when his wife decided against the plum pudding she was contemplating, concluding she might as well put the money into her mite box, and give the Deacon a plain, wholesome dinner.

Nobody could say they did not persevere. They laid every one under contribution, from the Lord High Mayor who paid taxes, to the Jones baby that was brought up on a bottle. They saved in unheard-of ways. Servant girls were put on short allowance of waste paper for lighting fires; ancient bones were scrutinized, with an eye to possible soups; and the man who ventured to return his cup of coffee with "a little more sugar, my dear," was met with a look of reproach that withered his heart-strings. More sugar, when the church was mortgaged! The man who could ask for it would have danced when Rome was burning. It was strongly suspected that Mrs. Greatheart herself took no sugar at all, and there were hints of cooking clubs that were secretly experimenting on sawdust puddings without eggs.

The savings, however, were nothing to the earnings. Every contrivance for enticing the coveted dollar from the pocket of the unwary and the wary was resorted to. Nothing was too large or too small. Fairs, festivals, lunches, bazars, concerts, sociables, lawn parties, mound-parties, tea-parties where you paid for the privilege of talking; oyster-suppers, strawberry-suppers, ice-cream suppers, everything in season and out of season was made to minister to their gains. The brethren smiled upon them, sometime with the far-off smile of lofty condescension and amiable toleration for feminine weakness; but they smiled, and bought tickets and paid fees, and ate and drank heroically, and winked at any addition to the preacher's bill, which might have been supposed to balance the gain to the church fund.

The results were marvellous, and astonished even the women themselves, who shook hands over the footing of figures, laughed and cried, and went home brave for another year of work.

Next morning, Mrs. Greatheart sat at her breakfast-table pale and exhausted; there were three little wrinkles between her eyes and a decided gray hair about her temples. Greatheart, stuffing his coffee in the vain hope of extracting a little more sweetness from the bottom of his cup, watched her compassionately.

"My dear," he asked gently, "how long is this thing to last?"

Mrs. Greatheart would have scorned to ask "What thing?" There was for her but one object of thought, and she answered promptly, "As long as the debt lasts."

Greatheart sighed.

"Did it occur to you, my dear, that you might not last? You are growing perceptibly smaller; there are wrinkles in your forehead; you eat less than a healthy canary; you talk in your sleep of interest and mortgages and weekly payments. I believe another year will kill you."

Mrs. Greatheart smiled compassionately, as martyrs have smiled when injured to give up their faith to escape torment.

"Greatheart," said she absently, "will you call at the office of the Trumpet, and leave this notice for our meeting of managers? We now plan that will eclipse all our former undertakings."

The meeting of managers was not enthusiastic. Mrs. Jones had the rheumatism. Mrs. Smith's baby was threatened with the croup. Mrs. Smart had left a house full of visitors, and Miss Sally Volatile was going East for the winter. The few who were present listened to Mrs. Greatheart's plan in ominous silence, and Mrs. Timeous fussed and fidgeted, and at last spoke:

"The fact is, ladies, I sometimes wonder all this pays. My husband and myself and he hasn't a particle of patience with the whole thing; so that I fairly dread to let him know of a fair or a festival. He says it all comes out of men anyhow, either in grocery bills or doctor bills, or buying things after we have half killed ourselves in making them; and that any man would sooner pay five dollars out of his pocket than have his wife try to earn it when she has all she can do already. And he says a woman who wouldn't think she could give half a dollar will bake a cake that costs seventy-five cents, and make herself sick in doing it, and then expect her husband to pay fifty cents more for a little piece of it and a dish of ice cream that some other woman donated, and out of it all, the church gets about twenty-five cents, and he can't see where the profit comes in."

Mrs. Greatheart laughed.

"We have heard all sort of talk. It sounds reasonable; but the trouble is, when you come to test them, the men will not take the five dollars out of the pocket; they always mean some other man's pocket. Of course, the money comes out of somebody; so do the profits in a grocery store or a bank. As for its being simply an exchange from one hand into the other, that is all nonsense. The gain is a percentage on the skill and ingenuity and self-denying labor of the ladies, and I call it a shame for anybody to deny them the full reward of actual earnings. The men give it, indeed! I would like to see them earning an extra dollar in the way their wives do."

"Wouldn't it be funny," laughed Miss Sally. "Now I crocheted those mats while I was rocking Jenny's baby to sleep, and I wanted desperately to read George Eliot. And I took my lunch to school for two weeks to save time at noon to embroider those lambrequins. Yes, and begged the pieces besides."

"I made every stitch of that toilet set after the children were in bed," said Mrs. Dimple. "My eyes used to get so tired that I saw cross-stitches all night, but it was lovely."

"Just fancy your husband running over of an evening to saw wood for a neighbor, or Mr. Jones working an hour every night at shoemaking, or Squire Buncombe taking orders for the grocery before he went to his office, or Colonel Wise shovelling paths on his way to lunch, and all for the sake of earning the money for a new church, without trespassing on any other funds. They'd see the church turned into a junk-shop first. I declare I have a great mind to propose to them to try it.

Mrs. Greatheart's eyes flashed ominously, and the meeting went into secret conclave, from which all reporters were excluded by dropping the curtains, closing the chimney, filling the key hole with cotton, and stationing a savage dog upon the steps.

The next number of the Trumpet announced the fact that the ladies had retired from the field, and called a meeting of the brethren to consider the emergency.

The brethren were present in force, and commenced operations by appointing five committees; one to consult the pastor, one to interview the architect, one to canvass the membership, one to prepare a statement for the official board, and one to correspond with Rev. Stunning in reference to securing his aid for some Sabbath.

There was some talk about taking the five dollars out of their pockets, but most of them were painfully conscious that the five dollars was not there, and, for their lives, they could sit upon no expedient save the very one whose fallacy they had so clearly demonstrated to their wives; and Greatheart—moved, it is feared, by malice aforethought—actually proposed it.

"I do not see that it would be any harder for us than for them. You, Brother Herd could make your own fires and sweep your own office, and so save your janitor's fees; Brother Hill could do copying at home in the evening; Brother Dale could attend to jobs of varnishing and repairing in his odd minutes; Brother Frost could raise vegetables in his back yard, and Brother Ward could rise an hour earlier and work at his old trade of type-setting."

The brethren looked at each other and smiled feebly.

"That is the way our wives have earned money; by adding some productive industry to regular labors of the day, and turning into account the odd hours and minutes that usually pass for nothing in our lives. I see no reason why we should not do the same, and, if my proposition is accepted, will immediately open an evening school in Chronos for the benefit of the funds."

Still there was silence. At last old Matthew Steadfast arose from his corner, and said:

"Brethren, I didn't come here to talk, but while I kept silence the fire burned. It never seemed to me like sound economy to split wood with a razor when you had a good axe ready to your hand; it's a hard, slow way, and it spiles the razor. And it didn't look to me like good common sense to pay the crumbs as if they were no much gold dust, and throw away the whole loaf. Now, if I had my way in the church, I'd agree to pay off the debt in two years and have a good round sum left to send to the heathen, and not a soul of you should be worried or overworked, or even know that you had made any sacrifice."

"Brethren," continued the man, coming out of his corner, and raising his voice in his earnestness, "you've heard me talk till you've got kind of tired of me, and some of you think I'm a sort of fanatic about my ideas; but I tell you, brethren, when ideas leave got the word of the Lord and rithmetic to stand on, they'll bear a good many hard knocks. I won't be hard on ye, brethren, I won't say a word again per idole, or ask yo if ye don't think ye could glorify the Lord Jeats better if ye should chrow away 'em to the moles and bats altogether. I know some of ye would be runnin bad off without 'em, and so I'll be forbearing and yer forbidden; but I want ye to consider it from my opposition's."

"I've calculated that there are at least twenty men in this church who smoke, who could get along just as comfortably with one cigar less a day; in fact, wouldn't know the difference—and there's a clear income of over a thousand dollars a year. Just from those twenty men. Then there are at least twenty more who eat ketchup or cigars who might do the same thing at a saving of seven hundred more. No hard work you see brethren, nobody's comforts taken so far. Then I am sure there are thirty families in this church who could save one dollar a week from their table expenses, and never miss it. Why, it's only a matter of a loaf of cake and a couple of pies less, and a pie nor sauce for a pudding, or even no dessert at all for a couple of days. There are plenty of families that could cut off five times as much, and be all the better for it; but I'll only ask for a dollar a week, and there you have fifteen hundred more from just those thirty families. Now it does 'pear to me, brethren, it wouldn't be so hard on the women as wearing out their souls and bodies making fole-derols, and trying to sell 'em to folks that don't want 'em.

Then there are fifty people who could save five dollars every year from their own and from their children's garments, just by putting in a little less cloth or a little less trimming, or saving a few cents a yard on the making, or buying on cloth by the wiser, unless they happened to think that their children look less like French dolls, and more as if they belonged to the little ones the Lord Jesus took in his arms. Why brethren, I hope it isn't scrilegious, but I've sometimes thought the Lord wouldn't have dared to touch one of these little creatures if they call children now-a-day, with their jewels and flounces and furbelows.

"But I was talking about saving, brethren; here you have $250 more and you haven't begun to count the cost of the dress. Add to this twenty people who spend on amusements and entertainments for themselves and families an average of a dollar a month, that they could profitably dispense with, and you have a total of over $4000 a year that this church might apply toward the payment of its debt without laying the smaller burden upon any of its members, but by simply steaming a little from its luxuries. That is figured out and nobody can say it isn't a moderate showing of the case, but you'll all go away shaking your heads over the debt, and if you remember anything I've said, it'll be the $250 the women folks might save on their dress, and not the $3,000 for cigars and high dinners. Human nature, brethren, is perverse and perplexin'."

The old man paused to wipe his forehead, and the five committees looked at each other. "It is worth ringing," said the chairman, "and we might appoint a committee."

"Don't have no more committees," said Father Steadfast, "they'll be like that mixed multitude that went up to fight the Israelites, and turned every man his sword against his fellow until they make an end of each other. If the pastor will present this matter to the church on Sunday, I'll undertake to put a mite box in every household, and then let the people give day by day with thanksgiving in their hearts as the Jews of old did."

The brethren wavered a little, but finally decided to commend the plan for trial, and Father Steadfast instantly pledged five of the official board to give up one cigar per day.

On the following Sabbath the pastor presented the subject in such a plain, forcible manner, that every one present was convinced of its reasonableness, and Father Steadfast followed up the work by a lay sermon in every family where he established a mite box. When people really turned their attention to it they found a multitude of things that were not in any way essential to their comfort, and day by day the enthusiasm to increase the fund grew stronger.

"We have no dessert or cake except on Sundays," said Mrs. Smart; "and we do not miss it. I lay aside a dollar a week on account of it, but I am sure it saves us much more. Then, since my husband has become accustomed to one cigar less a day, he finds he can spare two about as well, and we devote the cost of the second one to books. Just think of a new book every week or two, and we never felt able to buy one before."

"I made my baby's dresses with plain hem and tucks," said Mrs. Dimple, "and he really looks sweeter than ever. I got two dresses for the price of one, and so I felt that I could afford to hire them made, and that gave my poor neighbor a life. I had set my heart on a couple of lovely panels for my bay window, but I think the use? Sashes are only in bother to a baby, so I put that five dollars into the box with a clear conscience."

The First Church of Acadia is out of debt, and has adopted the savings plan as the best and easiest method for meeting its regular benevolences. The women are radiant with satisfaction, the brethren congratulate themselves that we did it, and Father Steadfast rises above all clouds of care on the wings of his rejoicing soul.

The Insolvent Act of 1875 and Amending Acts.

In the matter of the Feltcodiac Lumber Co., Insolvents.

For Sale.

The Spool Factory situate at Feltcodiac, in the Parish of Salisbury, County of Westmoreland and Province of New Brunswick, belonging to the insolvent estate. This establishment includes the following buildings: A factory three stories in height, 60x36 feet, filled with new machinery for the manufacture of spools, new engine of 30 H. P., two large and new sets of machinery specially arranged for the purpose of turning out large quantities of spools at low cost; one Smith blocker; one Goodell finisher; two American rounders and three American finishers; three elevators and all tools required to accompany the above; all in complete working order; also dry house 30x100; small co. white pine house, 40x100; blacksmith shop, 20x24, and lumber shed, 20x100.

Such land as may be necessary for the purposes of the business will also be sold with the said buildings. The said property is easily reached, situated on the line of the intercolonial Railway, sixty-five miles from the city of St. John and can be supplied with excellent spool stock at a very low rate.

Dated this 24th day of January, A. D. 1880.

E. McLEOD, Assignee.

jan26

Trade Circular.

WHOLESALE AND MANUFACTURING INTERESTS OF BANGOR, MAINE, FOR 1880.

THE following TRADE CIRCULAR is presented by the undersigned representative Wholesale Dealers and Manufacturers of Bangor, who desire to promote the trade interests of the City, and present a convenient and reliable buyer's guide, which cannot fail to prove of great interest to Merchants and Manufacturers generally. Now is the time to take advantage of reviving prosperity and the increase in trade and manufactures, and we confidently invite the attention of purchasers and all interested, to our excellent facilities for securing stocks direct from first hands, and to the following list of Firms, as an indication of the importance to which Commercial and Manufacturing interests of the City have attained.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Seeds Lime, Cement &c.
H. B. STANNING, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Seeds, Corn, Flour, Lime, &c.
EDWIN CHICK & CO., No. 3 Mercantile Sq.

AXES, CUT SAWS & HARDWARE, Carpenters' Cut Saws.
MOSES SKINNER, West Market Square.

BELTING & MILL FURNISHINGS, SAWS, Simonds & Disston's,
L. W. KIMBALL, 91 Exchange St.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, BOOKBINDING, Paper, Paper Bags, &c.
D. BROWN & Co., Kenduskeag Bridge.

BOOTS & SHOES, MANUF'RS OF Men's, Boys' and Youth's.
FARLEY & PEABODY, 28 & 30 Exchange St.

BOOT, SHOE & MOCCASIN M'F'RS.
E. A. BOOK & CO., Columbia St.
Retail Store cor. State & Exchange Sts.

BOOT, SHOE & MOCCASIN M'FRS.
J. CUD DARLING & CO.,
Office and Factory, Park Street.

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, Hats and Caps: Jobbers.
ARNOLD & HAWES, 10 West Market Sq.

CARRIAGE & SLEIGH MANUFAC'R. A Warerooms of Repairing done.
W. F. WHITON & CO., Harlow Street.

CHARCOAL PIG IRON.
KATAHDIN IRON CO. O. W. DAVIS, Jr., Treas. Furnace in Piscataquis County

COAL, BY CARGO, CARLOAD & TON
BACON & HIGGINS, Front st., and Kenduskeag Bridge. cor. Hersom St.

COAL, BY CARGO, CARLOAD & TON
A. H. BABCOCK, 110 Broad St.
and 19 West Market Square.

CONFECTIONERY M'F'RS & FRUIT Dealers. M'f'r's Ag'ts for Cigars
W. J. GOULD & CO., 14 Exchange St.

CORDAGE, DUCK, LATH YARNS, Chains, and Ship Chandlery.
WM. F. PHILLIPS & CO., 48 & 49 Broad St.

CORDAGE, Lath & Shingle Yarns.
RICE & SKILLIN,
West Market Square.

CRACKER MANUF'RS, & BAKERS of Ship, Pilot, Soda & Low Bread.
FLAKE & COBBS, 71 & 73 Pickering Square.

CROCKERY, CHINA; GLASS WARE, Cutlery, Clocks & Lamp Goods.
J. S. GILMAN & CO., No. 3 Main Street.

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE.
A. H. WOOD & CO.,
81 Main Street.

COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS. Norombega Coffee & Spice Mills.
TILTON & HITE, Kenduskeag Bridge.

DRY & FANCY GOODS, CLOTHING.
WHEELWRIGHT, CLARK & CO.,
West Market Square.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS.
S. & J. ADAMS & CO.,
Main Street.

DRUGS, DYESTUFFS, CHEMICALS and Druggists' Sundries.
WM. E. MANN, City Drug Store.

EDGE TOOL CO., AXES, PAT. CANT Dogs, Machinery Repair Shop.
C. A. & J. H. PEAVEY, 37 & 39 Exchange St.

FILES & RASPS, M'frs. of every description, re-cutting as usual.
JOB COLLETT, Cor. Exchange & York Sts.

FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED.
W. P. HUBBARD & CO.,
No 4 Foster & Bragg's Block, Pickering Sq.

FLOUR, GRAIN & FEED.
B. W. GURNEY,
10 Broad Street.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP. M'frs. of Engines, Boilers, &c.
WM. A. HAINES & CO., Kenduskeag Bridge.

FURNITURE, HOUSE & CHURCH. M'frs. Patent School Desks.
DOLE BROS., Corn Canal House, Hammond.

FURNITURE M'F'RS, (ALL KINDS;) Upholstery & Interior Decorations
D. W. MILLIKEN & CO., Main & Middle sts.

GRAIN, MEAL AND FEED.
A. H. CHAMBERLAIN & CO.
33 Exchange Street.

GRAIN, FEED, FLOUR AND SALT. Agent for Higgins' Eureka Salt.
J. F. TOWLE & CO., 6 & 8 Broad St.

GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED. Home-made Graham a Specialty.
M. JACKSON & SON, 5 & 7 Kenduskeag Sq.

GROCERIES, FLOUR, PROVISIONS
CHARLES A. HAWARD & CO.,
110 to 114 Exchange Street.

GROCERIES, FLOUR, PROVISIONS
THE BURTON, SEAVEY & CO.,
Nos. 1 & 3 Broad St. & Pickering Sq.

GROCERIES, CORN, FLOUR AND Provisions. Fairbanks' Scales.
A. G. GOULDING & SON, 12 Wendell St.

GROCERIES, FLOUR, PROVISIONS
KILEY & STANFORD,
129 Exchange St.

GROCERIES, FLOUR AND PROVISIONS, dealers in Country Produce.
THOS. BURFORD, 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

HARDWARE, DOORS AND SASHES Glass and Paints, Oils, all kinds.
THOMPSON & SON, 12 W. Market Sq.

HARDWARE, BAR IRON; STEEL Paints, Oils, Doors, Sash, etc.
HAINES, HILLIARD & CO., Exchange St.

HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS, Sash, Doors and Blinds.
J. G. M. ZEILEY & CO., W. Market Square.

HENDRICK MAGNETO BATTERIES and all Mining supplies.
HENRY McLAUGHLIN, Agent, Front Street.

IRON, STEEL, CARRIAGE STOCK, Blacksmiths' Tools, Gumb'd Coal
A. M. HAGG & SONS, Nos. 4 Broad St.

LUMBER, EASTERN TIMBER, Shingles, Clapboards & Scantling. M'frs.
STETSON & EDDY, Washington St.

LUMBER, LONG & SHORT. ALL kinds. Manuf'rs & Dealers.
WM. F. PHARSON & CO., Depot Dirk, St. St.

LUMBER, LONG & SHORT, M'FRS & Dealers. St'm Mill on tide water
HODGKINS, HALL & FOSTER, 70 Exch. St.

LUMBER, LONG & SHORT, OF ALL kinds. Manuf'rs & Dealers.
L. & W. H. STRICKLAND, 59 Exchange St.

LUMBER, LONG & SHORT, OF ALL kinds. Manufr's & Dealers.
SAMUEL WELLS, ADAMS & CO., 16 Exch. St.

LUMBER, MANUF'RS OF SPRUCE, Pine & Hemlock Steam Mill;
C. G. STRONG & CO., 124 Exchange St.

LUMBER, LONG & SHORT, Cooperage Stock, Boxes. M'f'r & Deal'rs
JAMES WALKER & CO., 56 Exchange St.

LUMBER, LONG & SHORT, M'FRS & Dealers. Shingles a specialty.
F. W. AYER & CO., 36 Exchange St.

LUMBER, PLASTER & FINE ROCK Salt, Manufacturers & Dealers.
Mills & Office, Valley Avenue.

MACHINERY, STOVE AND PLOW Manuf., Mill Supplies, Pipe, &c.
BANGOR FOUNDRY & MACHINE CO.

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, ETC.
J. W. COOMBS
40 Main Street.

ORGANS, WILCOX & WHITE, Improved Church & Parlor Organs.
A. H. DEVEREUX, General Manager.

OFFICE and salesroom for Maine and Maritime Provinces
Room 3 Kenduskeag Block, Up stairs.

SAWS, MANFD. & REPAIRED, ALSO Machinists' and Mill Supplies.
M. SUMNER & CO., 18 Exchange St.

SHIPPING and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker.
HENRY LOUD, 51 Exchange St.

SHIPPING and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker.
PERLEY McCARTHY, 52 Exchange St.

SHIPPING and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker.
HENRY LOUD, 51 Exchange St.

STOVES, Kelsey Hot Air Furnace, Meniter Furnace, Clarion Range.
WOOD, BISHOP & CO., 41 W. Market Sq.

SLATE, "Merrill's Brownville Slate," Awarded Medal at Phil., 1876.
M. A. MERRILL, Agt., 12 Broad St.

TRUNKS, BAGS, SAMPLE CASES, &c Mfrs., Wholesale and Retail.
J. F. FARRINGTON, 10 Main St.

POLAND WATER.
One barrel for sale at half price at
Sweet's Drug Store.
jan26

Trade Circular.

RETAIL TRADE OF BANGOR, MAINE, FOR 1880.

The following Trade Circular is respectfully presented by the undersigned Retail Houses of Bangor, with a view to show the extent and variety of articles handled, and the names of those large dealers who make this City the best market and trade centre for the people of Eastern Maine.

Parties not prepared to call in us may order goods from the following classifications with perfect reliance that their orders will be promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

APOTHECARIES, DRUGS, TOILET Articles, &c., Wholesale & Retail.
W. L. ALDEN & CO., No. 2 Union Block.

APOTHECARY, DRUGS, MEDICINE, Chemicals & Toilet Requisites.
J. W. PATTEN, No. 2 Granite Block.

ART. MARSTON'S Old Established Photo. Rooms, first-class work.
3 Bowman's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHY AT F. W. HARDY'S,
Kenduskeag Block.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS, PICTURES, Frames, Albums & Art Goods.
G. L. DAKIN, 7 Main St.

ART GOODS, PICTURES, FRAMES, Mouldings, &c. Frames to order.
A. C. DUNHAM & CO., 89 Main St.

BAKER, CAKE, PASTRY, BREAD, Cracker & Cocoanut Cake Mfr.
S. M. CHUBBUCK, No. 5 Columbia St.

BANGOR BAZAAR, TOYS, FANCY Goods, Demorest's Patterns, &c.
H. W. DUNTON, 49 Main St.

BEEF, PORK, LARD, HAMS, &c., Poultry and Country Produce.
HIDDEN & HILL, 1 & 3 Norombega Market.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PAPER HANGINGS, and Window Shades.
CHARLES HIGBY, No. 8 Smith Block.

BOOKS, STAT'N'Y & PERIODICALS. Homeopathic Books & Remedies.
E. F. & W. DUREN, 7 Hammond St.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, HATS. Best line of fine & medium Goods.
F. A. CURTIS, 4 Kenduskeag Bridge.

BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS, HATS Furs & Men's Furnishing Goods.
BUZZELL & SHAW, 18 Market.

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER & FIND-ings, Hats, Buffalo & Woll Robes.
CROSBY & LYFORD, Kenduskeag Bridge.

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &C. Agts. for Sure's and other goods.
DUNN & THURSTON, No. 1 Main st.

BRONZES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c. The Singer Sewing Machine,
CHAS. HALE & CO., 31 Main St.

CARPETS, ROOM PAPERS, CURtains, Upholstery Goods, &c.
A. H. ROBERTS & SON, No. 7 Main St.

CASKET WAREHOUSE, BURIAL Cases and Undertakers' Goods.
ABEL HUNT, 18 East Market Square.

CHINA, GLASSWARE & CROCKERY.
J. S. RICKER & CO.,
No. 3 Main Street.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES. Flour, Meat, Fish and Oysters.
CHAS. YORK & CO., 17 & 19 E. Market Sq.

CLOTHING, MEN'S, BOYS' & CHILdren's. Goods made to measure.
A. D. JUDKINS & SON, 24 Kenduskeag Bridge.

CLOTHING & GENTS' FURN. GOODS Custom Work made to order.
ROBINSON & AMEY, West Market Square.

CLOTHING, FINE AND MEDIUM Goods, Fine Custom Tailoring.
JAMES TOBIN, 25 West Market Square.

CLOTHING & FURNISHING GOODS. Fine Goods a specialty.
W. O'C. CLOSEY & CO., 4 Kenduskeag Bridge.

CONFECTIONERY for CHRISTMAS, Foreign & Domestic Fruits.
FRANK BOYD, 11 W. Market Square.

CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASSWARE, Silver Plated Ware & Cutlery.
H. H. HILL & CO., 31 Main St.

CUSTOM TAILORS,
WISWELL & BAKER,
No. 5 Kenduskeag Bridge.

DRESS GOODS, Silks and Velvets, Cloaks, Clockings and Trimg's.
J. T. HYDE & CO., 33 Main Street.

DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, WOOLens, Flannels, a large stock.
W. H. BRIDGES, 9 West Market Square.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, Shawls, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions.
E. C. NICHOLS & CO., No. 5 Main St.

DRY AND FANCY GOODS, LADIES' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
E. H. HALL, 8 Main st.

DRY & FANCY GOODS, CLOAKS, Shawls, &c. Good Goods.
JOSEPH P. SNOW, No. 8 Main St.

EYE GLASSES, Spectacles, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry. Repairing.
W. H. EDMONDS, 15 Hammond St.

FANCY GOODS AND SMALLWARES,
BOSTON BUTTON STORE,
21 Main Street.

FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, Laces, Trimmings and Worsteds.
JACOB STEIN & CO., 37 & 39 Main st.

FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS, TOYS. Picture Frames made to order.
A. L. MERRILL, No. 4 Kenduskeag Bridge.

FISH, Fresh & Pickled, all kinds in their season. Oysters & Clams.
THOS. BURFORD, 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

FURNACES, RANGES AND STOVES. Manufacturers of Tin Ware.
A. MOYES & CO., 21 & 23 Central St.

FURNITURE, Feathers, Mattresses, Spring Beds, Upholstery Goods.
C. O. FREscOTT, 12 Central St.

GALVANIZED IRON CORNICES, Gutters, Window Caps, &c., &c.
LEIGHTON, DAVENPORT & CO.

GROCERIES & FAMILY SUPPLIES.
CHARLES E. DWINELL,
No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
G. S. FARRINGTON & CO.,
No. 2 Harlow's Block, Kenduskeag Bridge.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, TOOLS, & Builders' Supplies of all kinds.
THOS. JENNESS & SON, 12 W. Market Sq.

HARNESS; MANF. OF ALL GRADES Blankets, Robes, Whips, etc.
D. C. GOULD, 147 Exchange street.

JEWELRY, WATCHES, SPECTACLES Watch Repairing a Specialty.
RIGBY & WEARE, No. 1 Smith Block.

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S UNDERwear, Cloaks and Wrappers.
C. W. STEVENS, 35 Main Street.

LAUNDRY WORK OF ALL KINDS, Feather Beds Renovated.
F. O. BUZZELL, 11 Central Street.

MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, BUTterick's Patterns, Hair Work.
C. W. COBAIN, 10 Main St.

MILLINERY GOODS, WORSTEDS & Yarns. Stamping done to order.
DWELLEY & CO., 46 Main st.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.
L. D. HARMON,
46 Main Street.

MILLINERY GOODS, SILKS, LACES Ribbons, Feathers, &c.
I. W. COOMBS, 40 Main Street.

ORGANS, WILCOX & WHITE'S.
JOHN D. KING, Agt., Room No's, Kenduskeag Block, Up stairs.

PIANOS, ORGANS AND MUSICAL Merchandise, Tuning & Reming.
J. S. PATTEN & CO., Jamison Block, Main.

PIANOS, ORGANS, SEWING MAchines, &c.
I. J. WHEELDEN, 76 Main Street.

PLUMBING, Steam Heating & Water Piping. Drain & Sewer Pipe.
LEIGHTON, DAVENPORT & CO.

PLUMBING, PIPING, TIN ROOFING, Galvanized Gutters, Drain Pipe,
CHAMBELL, LEIGHTON & Co., Central st.

STOVES, RANGES, TINWARE, Kitchen Furnishing Goods, &c.
A. P. THOMPSON & SON, 3 Pickering sq.

TEA, COFFEE, SPICE, CIGARS & Tobacco.
TEA WHITE, Kenduskeag Bridge.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, Silverware, and Ammunition in Variety.
H. P. G. WITHAM, 18 Kenduskeag Bridge.

WIG MAKER, Human Hair Goods, M'f'r and Wholesale Dealer.
J. E. CHADBOURN, 29 Main Street.

FOR SALE.

One two-seated sleigh; one two-seated pung; one set of bob 2 runners and pole; one two-horse wagon cloth. Enquire of
HAYLEN & LINCH,
jan26 Corn Shop.

Messenger's Notice.

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss., JANUARY 15th, A. D. 1880.

THIS is to give notice, That on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1880, a warrant in insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot against the estate of Daniel Shaw, of Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, adjudged to be an insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1880, by which said named date resident on claims is to be computed; That the payment of any debts to or by said Debtor, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden in the Probate Court Room in Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, on Tuesday, the third day of February, A. D. 1880, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place I shall proceed to adjudge upon the claims of such creditors as may offer proof of the same.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

C. H. PATTEN, Deputy Sheriff,
As Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot. jan26 3tw

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot:

The undersigned, assignee by deed of Fallbrick Tow, in said County, respectfully represents that he is desirous of the last assignee of said Fallbrick, who died on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1880, and has not yet been appointed; Wherefore your petitioner prays that his portion of the same be conveyed to him, and that his portion of the notes in said Fallbrick, which he has received, may be released, or assigned to him, as justice of the peace, or otherwise as the Court may direct.

Dated this 15th day of January, A. D. 1880.

HENRY Y. HUNT.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, October Term, A. D. 1879.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in December next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon.
Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register. 49

Messenger's Notice.

OFFICE OF THE SHERIFF OF PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss., January 15th, A. D. 1880.

THIS is to give notice, That on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1880, a warrant in insolvency was issued out of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot against the estate of John B. Norris, of Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, adjudged to be an insolvent Debtor, on petition of said Debtor, which petition was filed on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1880, by which said named date resident on claims is to be computed; That the payment of any debts to or by said Debtor, and the delivery and transfer of any property belonging to said Debtor, to him or for his use, and the delivery and transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; That a meeting of the creditors of said Debtor, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Insolvency to be holden in the Probate Court Room in Bangor, in said County of Penobscot, on Tuesday, the third day of February, A. D. 1880, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place I shall proceed to adjudge upon the claims of such creditors as may offer proof of the same.

Given under my hand the date first above written.

C. H. PATTEN, Deputy Sheriff,
As Messenger of the Court of Insolvency for said County of Penobscot. jan26 3tw

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot:

The undersigned, Guardian of Abbot C. Smith, minor heir of James Smith, Jr., late of Bangor, in said County, deceased, respectfully represents that said minor is seized and possessed of one-third part or of the following described real estate, to wit:

Homestead of J. Smith, Jr., Union Street; one acre Webster mill lot; also one acre A. Noyes lot; nine acres John Stimpson lot; ten acres L. Pendexter lot; seven acres Wm. Smith lot; forty acres Hill lot, west side of Main Street; eighteen acres Moses Hunt lot, north side Avenue road—all in the city of Bangor, and also forty acres Hill lot, on the west side of said minor, subject to the widow's right or dower therein; it being the same described in deeds recorded in the Registry of Deeds in said County.

That it would be for the benefit of said minor that said real estate should be sold, and the proceeds thereof put out at interest, or otherwise used for her benefit.

She therefore prays that license may be granted to sell and convey the above described real estate at public or private sale, according to the requirements of law.

MARY A. SMITH.

November 27, 1879.

STATE OF MAINE.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, November Term, A. D. 1879.

Upon the foregoing petition, ORDERED, that said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of the petition, and this order thereon, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in December next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register.
A true copy of the petition and order thereon.
Attest: JOHN F. ROBINSON, Register. 49

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, November Term, A. D. 1879.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that she has been duly appointed, and has taken upon herself the trust of Administratrix of the estate of

JOHN B. NORRIS, late of Bangor,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to her.

MARY A. NORRIS, Admx.

Bangor, Dec. 25, 1879. 4w

*Administratr